

INHIBIT®

Issue Date: 12/09/2022 Version #2.0

According to Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia)

SECTION 1 – STATEMENT OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product name INHIBIT®

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application Pre-wash Clinical Detergent Foam

Use for Formulated for the precleaning and prevention of bio-soils from drying onto the

surfaces of contaminated instruments or devices.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Majac Medical Products Pty Ltd

Unit 2/ 60Zillmere Road Boondall Qld Australia 4034

Manufacturer Custom Chemical Pty Ltd

103 – 107 Potassium Street Narangba Qld 4505

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Poisons Schedule Not scheduled.

Dangerous Goods Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of

Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous

Goods on Land".

GHS Classification Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and

labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Serious Eye Irritation - Category 2A
 Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Category 3

HSNO Classification NZ

• 6.4A Substances that are irritating to the eye.

• 9.1C Substances that are harmful in the aquatic environment.

GHS Pictogram



GHS07

GHS Signal Word WARNING

Hazard statement(s)

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. **H402** Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary statement(s): General

P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P103 Read label before use.

Precautionary statement(s): Prevention

P264 Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary statement(s): Response

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary statement(s): Storage



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None allocated.

Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.

IMPORTANT This SDS and the Hazard Classifications contained therein, only apply to the product in its

concentrated form, as supplied.

When diluted with clean water to 1:2 or greater they no longer apply. However, good hygiene and housekeeping practices should be adhered to.

Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion:
Alkylpolyglycoside C8-10 Capryl glucoside	68515-73-1	< 1.0 % w/w
Cocoamidopropyl betaine	61789-40-0	< 1.0 % w/w
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	107-98-2	< 10 % w/w
Alkyl (C14 50%, C12 40%, C16 10%) Dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride	68424-85-1	< 1.0 % w/w
Octyl decyl dimethyl ammonium chloride	68424-95-3	< 1.0% w/w
Dioctyl dimethyl ammonium chloride	68424-95-3	< 1.0% w/w
Didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride	7173-51-5	< 1.0% w/w
Ingredients determined to be non-hazardous at concentrations present.	various	Balance

NOTE:

Ingredients determined not to be hazardous are present in concentrations that do not exceed the relevant cut-off concentrations as found from NOHSC publication "List of Designated Hazardous Substances" or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a hazardous substance as defined in the NOHSC publication "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances", or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a dangerous substance as defined in the GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS).

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

Scheduled Poisons Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city or in Christchurch, New

Zealand can provide additional assistance for scheduled poisons. (Phone Australia 131126 or

New Zealand 0800 764 766).

First Aid Facilities Required

Ensure there is access to eye washes and safety showers.

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air away from exposure. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact Wash skin with plenty of water. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor) if irritation, burning or

redness develops. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor).

Eye contact If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove

contact lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek urgent medical advice (e.g.

doctor).

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of

distress of the patient. Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city or in

Christchurch, New Zealand can provide additional assistance for scheduled poisons.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards

Non flammable.

Extinguishing Media Fire Fighting Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires.

Keep containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-

contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or

decomposition.

Flash Point Non combustible



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SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures Shut off engine and electrical equipment and leave off.

Move people from immediate area; keep upwind.

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure.

Stop leak if safe to do so.

Send messenger to notify fire brigade and police.

Tell them location, material quantity, emergency contact. Indicate condition of vehicle and damage or injuries observed.

Warn other traffic.

Occupational Release Minor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures. Rinse with water.

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear appropriate protective equipment as in section 8 below to prevent skin and eye contamination. Spilt material may result in a slip hazard and should be absorbed into dry, inert material (e.g. sand, earth or vermiculite), which then can be put into appropriately labelled drums for disposal by an approved agent according to local conditions. Residual deposits will remain slippery. Wash area down with excess water. If required, neutralize with citric acid or acetic acid. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise the local emergency services. In the event of a large spillage notify the local environment protection authority or

emergency services.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling As with any chemical, avoid excessive personal contact. Wear protective clothing when risk of

exposure occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers.

Always wash hands with water after handling.

Storage Store in a cool, dry, place with good ventilation. Avoid storing in aluminium and light alloy

containers. Store away from acids. Keep containers closed at all times - check regularly for

leaks

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure

Limits

National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by National Occupational Health &

Safety Commission:

Time-weighted Average (TWA): None established for product.

For ingredients:

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether: 100ppm, 369 mg/m3

Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): None established for product.

For ingredient:

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether: 150 ppm, 553 mg/m3

Control parameters

Biological Limits No biological limits allocated.

PERSONAL PROTECTION PPE

Ventilation Use in a well-ventilated area. Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations

below exposure standards.

Personal Protective

Equipment

Use good occupational work practice.

The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upon the degree and nature of exposure. Final choice of appropriate protection will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or engineering controls and according to risk

assessments undertaken.

The following protective equipment should be available;

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Eye Protection



Generally not required for normal cleaning operations as per label directions.

The use of safety glasses with side shield protection, goggles or face shield is recommended to handle in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Contact lenses pose a special hazard;

soft lenses may absorb irritants and all lenses concentrate them.

Skin Protection







Generally not required for normal cleaning operations as per label directions.

Work boots and gloves are recommended for handling the concentrated product (as per AS/NZS 2161, or as recommended by supplier) to handle in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc.

Protective Material Types Material suitable for detergent contact – Butyl rubber, Natural Latex, Neoprene, PVC, and

Nitrile.

Respirator Not required for normal cleaning operations with adequate ventilation.



If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable dust/particulate filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid Colour Clear Odour Faint **Specific Gravity** 0.95 - 1.00 @ 25 ºC **Boiling Point** Not relevant **Freezing Point** Not relevant **Vapour Pressure** Not available **Vapour Density** Not available **Flash Point** Not flammable **Flammable Limits** None

8.5 - 9.5 (neat) **Water Solubility** Miscible in all proportions

Volatile Organic Compounds Coefficient of Water/Oil

(VOC) <10 % v/v Distribution Not available Viscosity Not available **Odour Threshold** Not available **Evaporation Rate** Not available **Per Cent Volatile** Not available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable at normal temperatures and pressure. Reactivity

Chemical stability Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of

temperature and pressure.

Conditions to avoid Avoid contact with heat or heat sources.

Incompatible materials Oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition Product can decompose on combustion (burning) to form Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide,

and other possibly toxic gases and vapours.

Hazardous Reactions None known.

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

products

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Inhaled Not expected to be an inhalation hazard. Inhalation over exposure may result in mucous

membrane irritation of the respiratory tract and coughing.

Ingestion Ingestion may result in irritation to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting.

Skin Contact Not expected to be irritating to skin.

Concentrated product causes eye irritation. Eye contact with concentrate will cause stinging, Eve

blurring, tearing.

Chronic exposure People previously sensitised to Glutaraldehyde should avoid using this product. **Toxicology Information** Not classified as toxic, based on ingredients. Oral LD50 (ATE calculated): >2,000 mg/kg

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Carcinogen Status

NOHSC

No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.

NTP

No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

IARC

No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

Respiratory sensitisation Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin Sensitisation Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicityNot considered to be a mutagenic hazard. **Reproductive Toxicity**Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

STOT-single exposureNot expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ. **STOT-repeated exposure**Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration Hazard Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Aquatic Toxicity

Product (as sold) Acute Aquatic Toxicity Category 3

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life. (LC50 >10 mg/L, but < 100mg/L) Acute Aquatic Toxicity (ATE Calculated) LC50 fish: 32 mg/L.

Product (at use dilution)Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS

Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L.

Acute Aquatic Toxicity (ATE Calculated) LC50: 3,200 mg/L.

Chronic Aquatic Toxicity

Persistence and Readily Biodegradable, based on ingredients.

degradability

Bio accumulative potential No bioaccumulation is expected.

Mobility in soil Due to its physico-chemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will

partition to the aquatic compartment.

Other adverse effects Not available

Environmental Protection Do not discharge this material into waterways.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product and Packaging Dispose of contents/container to chemical landfill. Consult local or regional waste

Disposal management authority for further details.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

HAZCHEM: None allocated.

Land Transport (ADG): Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of

Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous

Goods on Land".

MARINE TRANSPORT: Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

AIR TRANSPORT: Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport

Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

Montreal Protocol (Ozone

depleting substances). Not applicable.

The Stockholm Convention

(Persistent Organic Pollutants). Not applicable.

The Rotterdam Convention

(Prior Informed Consent). Not applicable.

Basel Convention

(Hazardous Waste). Not applicable.



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INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION
FOR THE PREVENTION OF

POLLUTION FROM SHIPS (MARPOL):

Not applicable.

Poison Schedules:

Not scheduled.

AICS

All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the Australian Inventory of

Chemical Substances (AICS).

NZIoC (New Zealand

All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the New Zealand Inventory of

Inventory of Chemicals): Chemical (NZIoC).

HSNO Approval Number: Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 - HSR002530

SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION

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Version Number: V 2.0 First Issue – **GHS7 Classification**

Prepared by: This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Tuwai Specialties on behalf of its client.

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Abbreviations and acronyms

ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.

CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency

services.

HCIS: Hazardous Chemicals Information System **IARC:** International Agency for Research on Cancer.

NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.

NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA).

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.

SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

TWA: Time Weighted Average.

UN Number: United Nations Number.

Literature references

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia).

GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia).

Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations. Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

"Australian Exposure Standards". Safework Australia.

Australian Code For The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

 ${\sf Safety\ Data\ Sheets-individual\ raw\ materials-Suppliers}.$

HSIS – Hazardous Substance Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base. HCIS – Hazardous Chemical Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{HSNO}}$ Assigning a Product to a HSNO Approval May 2013 / Revised June 2014.

 $\label{thm:condition} \textit{Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and Regulations}.$

Thresholds and Classifications Under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 JANUARY 2012 (CONTENT AS ORIGINALLY PUBLISHED MARCH 2008) Environmental Protection Authority Te

Mana Rauhi Taiao NZ.

Disclaimer

This SDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.

End of SDS