ES2426-31

24-port 10/100M PoE + 2 Gigabit Copper/SFP Combo Rackmount Web Smart PoE Switch

User's Manual





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EVERFOCUS ELECTRONICS CORPORATION

ES2426-31

User's Manual

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CE Mark Warning

This is a Class-B product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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1. Introduction

1.1 Product Overview

This switch provides 24 10/100Mbps RJ-45 ports and can support 2 Combo Gigabit RJ-45/SFP to uplink. This web-smart switch includes auto-MDI/MDIX crossover detection function. 24 of those ports are all built with PoE+ functionality, providing the ultimate choice in network flexibility. With this added PoE feature, this switch is an ideal solution for building wireless, IP surveillance, and VoIP networks.

It also provides port-based and 802.1Q tag VLAN function to provide better traffic management, reduces latency, improve security and save bandwidth. This is also a cost-saving feature as it reduces the need to add additional hardware to the network.

These 24 10/100Mbps RJ-45 support the IEEE 802.3at PoE protocol. Each port and transmit a maximum power 30 watts. User can also enable or disable power supply on PoE ports from UI.

1.2 Web Management Features

- <u>Port Management</u> Port Configuration Port Mirroring Bandwidth Control Broadcast Strom Control PoE On/Off Setting
- <u>VLAN Setting</u> Port-based/ Tag-based VLAN ID: 1~4094
- <u>Trunking</u>
 Link Aggregation Setting
 2 groups (1~4 port for each group)
- <u>QoS Setting</u> Priority Mode Class of Service Configuration TCP/UDP Port-based
- Security Setting



MAC address filtering TCP/UDP Port filtering

- <u>STP/RSTP</u>
- Spanning Tree Protocol
- <u>Backup Recovery Configuration</u>
- **1.3 Specifications**
- <u>Standard</u>
 IEEE 802.3 10BaseT
 IEEE 802.3u 100BaseTX
 IEEE 802.ab 1000BaseT
 IEEE 802.3z 1000BaseSX/LX
 IEEE 802.3x Full-duplex and Flow Control
 IEEE 802.af PoE
 IEEE 802.at PoE
 IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation
 IEEE 802.1d Spanning tree protocol
 IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning tree protocol
 IEEE 802.1x Port-based Network Access Control
 IEEE 802.1Q VLAN
 IEEE 802.1p Class of Service
- <u>Number of Port</u>
 24-port 10/100BaseTX with PoE
 2-port Combo Gigabit uplink (RJ-45/SFP)
- **1.4 Mechanical**
- <u>LED Indicator</u> Per Port: Link/ Act PoE Port: Act/Status Per Unit: Power
- Power Consumption: 400Watts (Max)
- <u>Power Input:</u> 100~240V/AC, 50~60HZ
- <u>Power Output:</u> 53V/DC per Port Output 30W Max per Port
- <u>Product Dimensions/ Weight</u>
 44 × 440 × 331 mm (H × W ×D) / 4.7kg



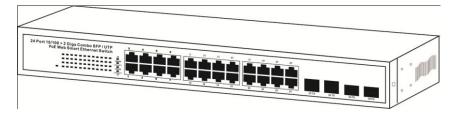
1.5 Performance

- MAC Address: 4K
- Buffer Memory: 2.75Mb
- Switching Capacity: 8.8 Gbps
- Jumbo Frame: 10K
- Transmission Method: Store and Forward

1.6 Package Contents

Before you start to install this switch, please verify your package that contains the following items:

- 1. One Fast Ethernet PoE Switch
- 2. One Power Cord
- 3. One User Manual
- 4. One pair Rack-mount kit + 8 Screws









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2. Hardware Description

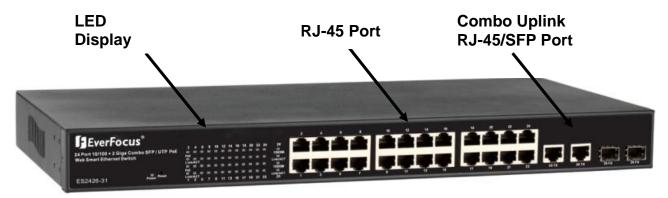
This section mainly describes the hardware of the 8 PoE port Ethernet Combo Web-Smart Switch and gives a physical and functional overview on the certain switch.

2.1 Physical Dimensions/ Weight

44 × 440 × 331 mm (H × W ×D) / 4.7kg

2.2 Front Panel

The front panel of the web smart switch consists of 24 10/100Base-TX RJ-45 ports and 2 combo gigabit uplink RJ-45/SFP ports. The LED Indicators are also located on the front panel.



2.3 LED Indicators

The LED Indicators present real-time information of systematic operation status. The following table provides description of LED status and their meaning.

LED	Status	Description	No. Of LED
Power	On	Power on	Power
100014	On	Link 1000Mbps	2 (25~26)
1000M	off	Link 10/100Mbps	2 (25~26)
Link/ ACT	On	Link	26 (1~26)



	Flashing	Data activating	26 (1~26)
PoF	On	Port is linked to Power Device	24 (1~24)
POE	Off	No Power Device is connected	24 (1~24)

Ta Ever Focus*	_	2	4		10	12	14	16	18	20	22	ы				
24 Port 10/109 + 2 Gigs Combo SFP / UTP PoE PoE Web Smart Ethernet Switch Line	6 8 10 12 14 16 18 29 22 24 26 1036M															
	1036M	1	3	7		11	13	15	17	19	21	23	25 TX	26 TX	25 FX	26 FX

2.4 Rear Panel

The 3-pronged power plug is placed at the rear panel of the switch right side shown as below.

|--|

2.5 Hardware Installation

Set the switch on a large flat space with a power socket close by. The flat space should be clean, smooth, level and sturdy. Make sure there is enough clearance around the switch to allow attachment of cables, power cord and allow air circulation. The last, use twisted pair cable to connect this switch to your PC then user could start to operate the switch.



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3. User Log In

This part instructs user how to set up and manage the switch through the web user interface. Please follow the description to understand the procedure.

At the first, open the web browser, and go to 192.168.2.1 site then the user will see the login screen. Key in the password to pass the authentication then clicks the **OK**. The log in process is completed and comes out the sign "Password successfully entered".

Log in

ID: admin

Password: admin

Site	192.168.2.1	
D:	admin	
assword:		



%Note: It will show error message if you key in wrong user name or password.





Main Page

24Port 10/100 + 2Port Giga WebSwitch						
Administrator Fort Management	24-Port 10	/100Mbps Plus 2-Port Gigabit Ethernet Switch				
VLAN Setting Per Port Counter	Advanced Features	Basic Features				
OoS Setting Security Spanning Tree Trunking DHCP Relay Agent Backup/Recovery Wiscellaneous	Bandwidth control Port based & Tag based VLAN Statistics Counter Firewall VLAN Uplink L2 ~ L4 Class of Service	Embedded HTTP web Management Configuration Backup/Recovery TFTP Firmware upgradeable Secure Management User name/Password security				
୬ SNMP Settings ୬ Logoat						





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4. Administrator

4.1 Authentication Configuration

This page shows authentication configuration information. User can set new Username and Password in this page.

Setting		Value
Username	admin	max:15
Password	••••	max:15
Confirm	••••	
		Update

Authentication Configuration

Note:

Username & Password can only use "a-z","A-Z","0-9","_","+","-","=".

Figure 2-1

4.2 System IP Configuration

This page shows system configuration including the current IP address and sub-net mask and gateway.

System IP Configuration

Setting	Value
IP Address	192 168 2 1
Subnet Mask	255 255 0
Gateway	192 . 168 . 1 X

Figure 2-2



User can configure the IP settings, Subnet Mask, Gateway as below:

- ➢ IP address: Manually assign the IP address that the network is using. The default IP is 192.168.2.1
- Subnet Mask: Assign the subnet mask to the IP address.
- Sateway: Assign the network gateway for industrial switch.

If you change the IP address of this switch and then press **Update**. It will show "**update** successfully" then press **Reboot** button. It will enter user login screen automatically.

4.3 System Status

This page displays the information about the switch of MAC address, how many ports it has, system version and. Besides, users can also fill in up to 15 characters in the Comment, Contact and Location field for note.

00:03:ce:01:28:d9 24+2				
V101210.				
Idle Time: Auto Logout(Default). Back to the last display.				

System Status

Note: Comment name only can use "a-z","A-Z","__","+","-","0-9"

Figure 2-3

- > MAC Address: Displays the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (default).
- > Number of Ports: Displays number of ports in the switch.
- System Version: Displays the switch's firmware version.
- Idle Time Security: User can set the time security. When user leave the computer for a moment, the software will auto logout or back to the last display.

And then click **Update** button.



4.4 Load Default Setting

Clicking the **Load** button will make the switch being set to the original configuration.

Load Default Setting

recover switch default setting excluding the IP address, User name and Password

Load

Figure 2-4

Note: It exclude to change user name, password and IP configuration. If you want to restore default setting including IP and user name password, then you can press the reset button for hardware base reset.

More detail information about Load Default Setting - Hardware Base is described as following. The purpose of this function is to provide a method for the network administrator to restore all configurations to the default value.

(1) To activate this function, the user should follow the following procedures. Press the "Load default" button for 3 seconds until you see the LED blinking.

(2) When LED starts blinking, it means the CPU is executing the "load default" procedure. You can release the button now.

After completing this procedure, all the factory default value will be restored. It includes the IP address, the user name, the password and all switch configurations.



4.5 Firmware Update

Before the firmware update procedure is executed, you should enter the password twice and then press **Update** button. The smart switch will erase the flash memory. There is a self-protection mechanism in the Boot Loader, so the Boot Loader will keep intact. Even though the power is turned off or the cable link fails during the firmware update procedure, the Boot loader will restore the code to firmware update page.

Firmware Update

Please input the	password to continue the
Firmware Upda	ate process.
Password	
ReConfirm 🗌	
	Update

Notice:After clicking the "UPDATE" button, IF the firmware update webpage is not redirected correctly or is shown as "Webpage not found". Please connect to <u>http://192.168.2.1</u>



After pressing Update button, the old web code will be erased. Then you can select the image file and press "update" button to update the firmware you need.

Firmware Update by	Web
Select the image file:	
	Browse
UPDATE	
If the update process somehow goes wrong(Ex: po	ower failure), please connect to
http://19216821 to restart (If possible, reset devi	ice first)

Firmware Update by TFTP	
TFTP client)Use MS Windows' Command Prompt window to run tftp rogram. Syntax: c:\tftp -i 192.168.1.1 put FILE_DIRECTORY\FILENAME.bi	



4.6 Reboot Device

Click **Confirm** button to reboot the device.

Reboot Device: Click "Confirm" to Reboot the Device Confirm

Figure 2-7 %Note: The reboot is for software base instead of hardware base.



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5. Port Management

Port Management includes Port Configuration, Port Mirroring, Bandwidth Control, Broadcast Storm Control and PoE

5.1 Port Configuration

In Port Configuration, you can set and view the operation mode for each port. Port Configuration

		Ta/Ra Ability		Auto-Negotiation	Speed	Diplex		Pause		Backpressure	Addr, Learning
Punction		_	-	_ •	_ •	_ •		_ •	[_ •
Select Port No.										I	
						(Update)					
	,										
Port			Current Status	1				Setting Status			
	Link	Speed	Doplex	FlowCy1	TajKa Ability	Auto-Nego	Speed	Doplex	Pause	Backpressure	Addr. Logrning
1					CN	AUTO	10014	FULL	CIN	CN	OFF
2					QN	AUTO	100M	FULL	CN	QN	OFF
3					CN	AUTO	10014	FULL	CN	CIN	OFF
4					ON	AUTO	10014	FULL	ON	QN	Caa
5					CN	AUTO	10014	FULL	QN	ON CIN	Cat
6					CN	AUTO	100M	FULL	CN	CIN	Chi.
7					CN	AUTO	100M	FULL	CN	CIN	CE2
8					CN	AUTO	100M	FULL	CN	CIN	OFF
9					ON	AUTO	100M	FULL	CN	CIN	OFF
10					CN	AUTO	100M	FULL	QN	QN	OFF
11					CN	AUTO	100M	FULL	ON	QN	CPF
12					CN	AUTO	10014	RULL	ON	CIN	CPV
15					CN	AUTO	10014	FULL	ON	CIN	CPF
14					CN	AUTO	100M	FULL	CN	GN	OPP
15					CN	AUTO	100M	FULL	CN	CIN .	CEA.
15					CN	ALTO	100M	FULL	CN	CIN	CP7
17					QN	AUTO	100M	FULL	CN	QN	Ch1.
18					ON	AUTO	100M	FULL	CN	QN	077
19					CN	AUTO	100M	FULL	CN	CIN	Chi.
20	•	10004	FUL	CN	CN	AUTO	100M	FILL	CN	CIN	CN
21					CN	AUTO	100M	FULL	CN	GN	077
22					CN	AUTO	100M	FULL	QN	CIN	OFF
23					CN	ALTO	100M	FULL	ON	ON	CFF
24					ON	AUTO	10014	FULL	ON	QN	077
25					QN	AUTO	10	FULL	CN	QN	077
25					CN	AUTO	10	FILL	ON	CIN	077

Figure 3-1

- Auto-Negotiation: Enable and Disable. Being set as 'Enable', the Speed, Duplex mode, Pause, Backpressure, TX Capability and Address Learning are negotiated automatically. When you set it as 'Disable', you have to assign those items manually.
- Speed: When the Auto-Negotiation column is set as Disable, users have to set the connection speed to the ports ticked.
- Duplex: When the Auto-Negotiation column is set as Disable, users have to set the connection mode in Half/Full to the ports ticked.
- > Pause: Flow Control for connection at speed of 10/100Mbps in Full-duplex mode.
- > Backpressure: Flow Control for connection at speed of 10/100Mbps in Half-duplex mode.
- > TX/RX Capability: When the Auto-Negotiation column is set as Disable, users have to set this



column as Enable or Disable.

- Addr. Learning: When the Auto-Negotiation column is set as Disable, users have to set this column as Enable or Disable.
- Select Port No.: Tick the check boxes beside the port numbers being set.
- Click Update to have the configuration take effect.
- Current Status: Displays current port status.
- Setting Status: Displays current status.

Click **Update** to make the configuration effective.

5.2 Port Mirroring

The Port mirroring is a method for monitoring traffic in switched networks. That Traffic through ports can be monitored by any of the ports means traffic goes in or out monitored (source) ports will be duplicated into mirroring (destination) port.

Port Mirroring

Dest Port	1 14	2 15	3 16	4 17	5 18	6 19	7 20	8 21	9 22	10 23	11 24	12 25	13 26
Monitored Packets													
Source	1	2	3	4	5	6 	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Port	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
						Update							
Multi to Multi Sniffer func	tion												

Figure 3-2

- > Destination (mirroring) port for monitoring Rx only, Tx only or both RX and TX traffic which come from the source port. Users can connect the mirroring port to LAN analyzer or Netxray.
- Monitored Packets: Pull down the selection menu to choose what kind of packet is to be monitored.
- Source Port: The ports that the user wants to monitor. All monitored port traffic will be copied to mirroring (destination) port. Users can select multiple source ports by ticking the check boxes beneath the port number label to be monitored.

And then, click **Update** to have the configuration take effect.



5.3 Bandwidth Control

This page allows the setting of the bandwidth for each port. The TX rate and Rx rate can be filled with the number ranging from 1 to 255. This number should be multiplied by the selected bandwidth resolution to get the actual bandwidth.

Bandwidth Control

Por	rt No		Tx Rate			Rx Rate							
01	•		(0~255) (0:Full	Speed)		(0~2	255) (0:Full Speed)						
	L (d Base	Lew Low: (1)32K5ps Tx/Rx bandwidth resolution for port 1~ port 26. Actual Tx/Rx bandwidth =Rate value x 32 kbps. The rate value is 1~255. High: (1)256Kbps Tx/Rx bandwidth resolution for port 1~ port 24. Actual Tx/Rx bandwidth=Rate value x 256Kbps. The rate value is 1~255. When link speed is 10MB. The rate value is 1~39. (2)the bandwidth=Rate value x 256Kbps. The rate value is 1~255. When link speed is 10MB. The rate value is 1~4. When link speed is 100MB. The rate value is 1~4. When link speed is 100MB. The rate value is 1~4.											
				Update	LoadDcfault								
If the link sp	eed of selected	port is lower th	an the rate that you seting, t	his system will us	e the value of l	ink speed as your setting rate).						
Port No.	Tx R	ate	Rx Rate	Link Speed	Port No.	Tx Rate	Rx Rate	Link Speed					
1		Full Speed	Full Speed		14	Full Speed	Full Speed						
2		Full Speed	Full Speed		15	Full Speed	Full Speed						
3		Full Speed	Full Speed		16	Full Speed	Full Speed						
4		Full Speed	Full Speed		17	Full Speed	Full Speed						
5		Full Speed	Full Speed		18	Full Speed	Full Speed						
6		Full Speed	Full Speed		19	Full Speed	Full Speed						
7		Full Speed	Full Speed		20	Full Speed	Full Speed	100M					
8		Full Speed	Full Speed		21	Full Speed	Full Speed						
9		Full Speed	Full Speed		22	Full Speed	Full Speed						
10		Full Speed	Full Speed		23	Full Speed	Full Speed						
		Full Speed	Full Speed		24	Full Speed	Full Speed						
11		. an opeca											
11 12		Full Speed	Full Speed		25	Full Speed	Full Speed						



5.4 Broadcast Storm Control

The switch implements a broadcast storm control mechanism. Tick the check boxes to have them beginning to drop incoming broadcast packets if the received broadcast packet counts reach the threshold defined. Each port's broadcast storm protection function can be enabled individually by ticking the check boxes.



Broadcast Storm Control

Threshold		63 1~63											
Enable Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Port	14	15 	16	17	18	19 	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
This value indicates the r 100Mbps speed and 500				ch is allow	l.	Update each port	in one tim	e unit. One	e time unit i	is 50us for	Gigabit sp	eed, 500 u	s for
Note: This effect may be	Note: This effect may be not significant for long broadcast packet, since the broadcast packet count passing through the switch in a time unit is probably less than the specified number.												

Figure 3-4

The broadcast packet is only checked at the selected port and the number of broadcast packets is counted in every time unit. One time unit is 500 us for 10Mbps speed and 5ms for 100Mbps. The excessive broadcast packet will be discarded. For those broadcast packets incoming from the un-selected port, the switch treats it as the normal traffic.

- Threshold: Type in the threshold in the range between 1 and 63 to limit the maximum byte counts, which a port can send or receive in a period of time.
- Enable Port: Having ticked the boxes, the port will stop transmitting or receiving data when their sending byte counts or receiving byte counts reach the defined threshold.

Click **Update** to have the configuration take effect.

5.5 PoE

User could know per PoE port out power status in this page and also enable or disable per port.

POE Configuration

Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Enable								7
PSE Current	No Load	No Load	No Load	No Load	No Load	35mA to 45mA	No Load	No Load
Minimun Output Power		1 1				30W		10000
POE Class				0.000	1000	Class 4	(
Port	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Enable								
PSE Current	No Load	No Load	No Load	No Load	No Load	No Load	No Load	No Load
Minimun Output Power		()						
POE Class						1000		





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Chapter



6. VLAN Setting

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which would allow you to isolate network traffic, so only the members of the same VLAN will receive traffic from the ones of the same VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

6.1 VLAN Mode

You may select the VLAN Mode of the switch. Port-based VLAN is for separating traffic only on this single switch. There is no handover of network traffic within VLAN groups to other switches. For the handover to other switches use Tag Based VLAN. In VLAN Mode you can switch from Tag to Port Based VLAN. Port Based VLAN is the default mode.

After having switched to Tag Based VLAN Mode, the screen changes. On this screen you can now define and configure your Up- and Downlink ports. These are important since here the handover between the switches of your network takes place.

VLAN Mode

VLAN Mode		Port I	Based VLAN	Change V	'LAN mode								
							Figu	ire 4-1					
VLAN M	lode												
VLAN Mode	Tag Based VLA	Change VLAN	mode										
	Port 01 © AddTag @ don't caue © RemoveTag	Port 02 Add Tag don't caue Remove Tag	Port 03 C Add Tag don't caue Remove Tag	Port 04 C Add Tag don't caue Remove Tag	Port OS	Port 06 © Add Tag @ don't caue © Remove Tag	Port 07	Port 08	Port 09 C Add Tag don't care Remove Tag	Port 10	Port 11 © AddTag @ don't caue © RemoveTag	Port 12 Add Tag don't caue Remove Tag	Pout 13
Tag Mode	Port 14 Add Tag don't caue Remove Tag	Post 15 Add Tag don't case Remove Tag	Port 16 Add Tag don't caue Remove Tag	Port 17 Add Tag don't caue Remove Tag	Port 18 Add Tag don't caue Remove Tag	Port 19	Port 20 © Add Tag @ don't caue © Remove Tag	Port 21	Port 22 C Add Tag don't caue Remove Tag	Port 23	Port 24 © Add Tag @ don't caue © Remove Tag	Post 25 © Add Tag @ don't caue © Remove Tag	Pout 26
							Update						

ve: If the link partner is a network interface card, it probably cannot recognize the VLAN tag. In this case, it is strongly recommended the network administrator to remove the VLAN tag of the corresponding port.

Figure 4-2

- VLAN Mode: Displays VLAN mode: port based/Tag based VLAN. Here you can also switch back to Port Based VLAN Mode
- Add tag means the outgoing packet of the selected port will be inserted a 802.1Q tag. Use this setting for your Up- and Downlink Ports in your VLAN Tagged Network.
- > Don't care means the outgoing packet of the selected port keep the original packet received at



the source port. This is the default setting when starting VLAN configuration. You should change to either Add or Remove Tag.

Remove tag means the 802.1Q tag of the outgoing packet of the selected port will not be sent. Use this setting for your Network Connections to PCs. Only packets of the VLAN Group the Port is member of will be sent.

6.2 VLAN Member

The ports need to be made member of your VLAN groups. This is for Tag Based and Port Based VLAN Mode. The screen here looks different whether you run Tag Based or Port Based Mode.

VLAN Member in Port Based Mode

<page-header>

In Port Based Mode you see a matrix of your 8 Ports. Simply select the port on top screen you want to configure, click on Read, and then select or deselect the ports that are on the same VLAN group. In this configuration mode you do not need to worry about defining VLAN groups and VLAN IDs.

VLAN Member in Tag Based Mode

In Tag Based Mode you need to define and configure your VLAN groups. Since you want the handover to other switches take place smoothly, the VLAN IDs (Numbers) need to be like on the



rest of your network. On other switches you may have the chance to configure names. These are just for your reference. Only the numbers are important!

There firstly add your VLAN Groups (identified throughout your network by unique and constant numbers). Start with IDs from 100 and up. Keep in mind that some switches use "1" as the default, while others use "4095" or "4096" as default. Starting with 100 gives you enough free room and less compatibility issues.

So enter "100" in the field right of VID Setting, then select or deselect which ports are member of that group. Your up- and downlink ports need to member of every existing group! Then click on add. The new group with its setting will be displayed at the bottom of the screen.

With the PVID Setting you define to which VLAN group incoming traffic belongs. Consider the example that Port 1 is member of group 100 and 101. A simple PC is connected to Port 1. If that PC is now sending out data, with PVID you define if that data is for group 100 or 101. VLAN Member Setting (Tag Based)

Add: Enter a VID, select the V Del: Select a VID in the table Update:Modify the existing VI	and then puess this button to p	move a VID entry from	to add a V. 1 the table.	LAN entry to the tal	ble.							
	VLAN Member	Port			01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08
	select											
	VLAN Member	Port			09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	select											
	VLAN Member	Port			17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	select				7	7		V	7	1		7
	VLAN Member	Port			25	26	-	-	-	-	-	-
	select				7		-	-	-	-	-	-
Note: If you do not select any	port, this VID will be treated a	s a VID embedded in s	802.1Q taş	5.								
V	D Source part		01	02	0	16	04	05	06		07	08
	select											
V	D Source point		09	10	1	1	12	13	14		15	16
	select				E							
V	D Source point		17	18	1	19	20	21	22		23	24
	select											
V	D Source port		z	26		-	-	-	-		-	-
	select					-	-	-	-		-	-
					Port VID Me	ф.						
Port	01	02		06	0	4	05		06	07		08
VID	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-		-
Port	09	10		11	1	2	13		14	15		16
AID	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-		-
Port	17	18		19	2	0	21		22	23		24
AID	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-		-
Port	25	26		-	-	-	-		-	-		-
AID	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-		-

										V	LAN M	EMBER														
VID \ Poat	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1 1	1 2	1 3	1 4	1 5	1 6	1 7	1 8	1 9	2 0	2 1	2 2	2 3	2 4	2 5	2 6
													iau	ro /	1_/											





6.3 Multi to 1 Setting

Multi to 1 VLAN is used in CPE side of Ethernet-to-the-Home and is exclusive to VLAN setting on **VLAN Member Setting**. When VLAN member Setting is updated, multi to 1 setting will be void and vice versa. The disable port means the port which will be excluded in this setting. All ports excluded in this setting are treated as the same VLAN group. In a normal Tag Based VLAN network you will not need this configuration option.

Multi to 1 Setting

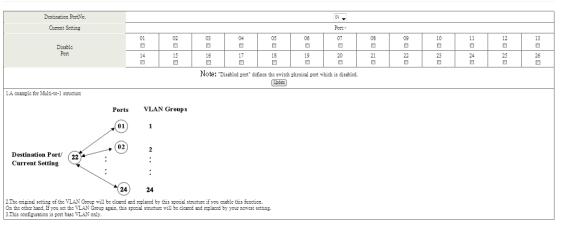


Figure 4-5





7. Per Port Counter

7.1 Port Counter

This page provides port counter of each port. There are 4 categories: Receive Packet & Transmit Packet/ Transmit & Collision / Receive Packet & Drop /Receive & CRC error. Once you change the counter category, the counter will be cleared automatically. **counter Category**

-		Updam
Port		acket Receive Packet
01	0	0
02	0	0
03	0	0
04	0	0
05	0	0
06	0	0
07	0	0
08	0	0
09	0	0
10	0	0
11	0	0
12	0	0
13	0	0
14	0	0
15	0	0
16	0	0
17	0	0
18	0	0
19	0	0
20	915	1117
21	0	0
22	0	0
23	0	0
24	0	0
25	0	0
26	0	0

Figure 5-1

- Transmit packet & Receive packet: This category shows both the received packet count (excluding the incorrect packet) and the transmitted packet count.
- Collision Count & Transmit packet: This category shows the packets outgoing from the switch and the count of collision.
- Drop packet & Receive packet: This category shows the number of received valid packet and the number of dropped packet.
- CRC packet & Receive packet: This category shows the received correct packet and received CRC error.
- Clear: Press "clear" will clear all counters.
- > Refresh: Press "Refresh" button will aggregate the number of the counter for all ports.





8. QoS Setting

Here you can configure QoS policy priority mode and CoS (Class of Service) configuration. QoS (Quality of Service) refers to mechanisms in the network software that make the actual determination of which packets have priority. CoS refers to feature sets, or groups of services, that are assigned to users based on company policy. If a feature set includes priority transmission, then CoS winds up being implemented in QoS functions within the routers and switches in the network. In an enterprise network, class of service (CoS) differentiates high-priority traffic from lower-priority traffic. Tags may be added to the packets to identify such classes, but they do not guarantee delivery as do quality of service (QoS) functions, which are implemented in the network devices.

8.1 Priority Mode

There are three priority modes available to specify the priority of packets being serviced. Those include First-In-First-Out, All-High-Before-Low, and Weight-Round-Robin. Priority Mode

Priority Mode						
Mode	■ First-In-First-Out ■ All-High-before-Low ■ Weight-Round-Robin. Low weight ■ High weight: ■					
	Updata					
Note: When the queue weight is set to "0", it will be treated as "8". The "low wieght" and "high weight" means the ratio of the packet in the transmit queue. For example, If "low weight" and "high weight" are set to "3" and "5", the ratio of the trasmit packet for the low priority to high priority is 3/5.						
	=					

Figure 6-1

- First-In-First-Out: Packets are placed into the queue and serviced in the order they were received.
- All-high-before-low(Strict priority) : All packets will be assigned to either high priority queue (Queue 2) or low priority queue (Queue 1). The packet on the low priority queue will not be forwarded until the high priority queue is empty.
- WRR mode: There are 4 priority queues for Weighted-and-round-robin (WRR) mode. When this mode is selected, the traffic will be forwarded according to the number set in each queue.



8.2 Port, 802.1p, IP/DS based

Class of	Service	Configuration
----------	---------	---------------

Port No.\Mode	Port Base	VLAN Tag	IP / DS	Port No.\Mode	Port Base	VLAN Tag	IP / I
1				14			
2				15			
3				16			
4				17			
5				18			
6				19			
7				20			
8				21			
9				22			
10				23			
11				24			
12				25			
13				26			

As long as any of three COS schemes(802.1p,IP TOS/DS or Port Base) is mapped to "high", the data packet will be treated as the high priority.

Figure 6-2





9.Security

9.1 MAC Address Binding

MAC Address Binding

Port No.	MAC Address	
1		
Select Port 01 • Binding Disable • Update		

Note: If you enable the MAC address binding function, the address leaning function will be disabled automatically.

Port No.	Binding Status	Port No.	Binding Status
1	Disable	14	Disable
2	Disable	15	Disable
3	Disable	16	Disable
4	Disable	17	Disable
5	Disable	18	Disable
6	Disable	19	Disable
7	Disable	20	Disable
8	Disable	21	Disable
9	Disable	22	Disable
10	Disable	23	Disable
11	Disable	24	Disable
12	Disable	25	Disable
13	Disable	26	Disable

Note: The MAC address of current management connection is 00:26:6c:48:af:57 at port 20.

Figure 7-1

- > Port No: Displays the port number being assigned the MAC addresses.
- > MAC Address: Users can assign up to 3 MAC addresses to the port.
- Read: Pull down the selection bar to choose a port number and click the read button to show the MAC addresses bound with the port or modify the MAC addresses.
- > Select Port: Pull down the selection menu bar to choose a port number to be set.
- > Binding: Enable or disable the binding function.

Click **Update** to have the configuration take effect.



тср	UDP	Filter	Configuration
			ooningaraaon

Function Enable	Disable 🖉											
Port Filtering Rule	Noto: (1)The outgoing ; (2)"negative" mea	ns the selected pr	retecel will be droppe	ther forwarded or dropped : d and other protocols will dod and other protocol wil	be forwarded.	as the figure shwon	below.					
	FTP(20,21)	SSH(22)	TELNET(23)	SMTP(25)	DNS(53)	TFTP(69)	HTTP (80,8080)	E POP3(110)	© NEWS (119)	© SNTP (123)	© NotBIOS (137~139)	IMAP (143,220)
Protocol	□SNMP (161,162)											
	Port01	Port02	Port03	Port04	Port05	Port06	Port07	Port08	Port09	Port10	Port11	Port12
Secure WAN port	Port13	Port14	Port15	Port16	□Port17	Port18	Port19	Port20	Port21	Port22	Port23	Port24
						Update						
Note: The description		eck TCP/UDP Port Number	The packet w either droppe forwarded. This is the se WAN port	dor curc								
						Figu	ure 7-2					



10. Spanning Tree

10.1 STP Bridge Settings

STP Bridge Settings

Spanning Tree Settings						
STP Mode	Bridge Priority	Hello Time	Max Age	Forward Delay		
SIF Mode	(0~61440)	(1~10 Sec)	(6~40 Sec)	(4~30 Sec)		
-						
Submit						
Note: 2*(Forwar	d Delay-1} >= Ma	ut A <u>z</u> e,				
Max Age >= 2*(Hello Time+1)						
Bridge Priority must be multiplies of 4096						

Note: If you enable the MAC address binding function, the address leaning function will be disabled automatically. Then both RSTP/STP and address learning will be affected.

Bridge Status							
STP Mode	Bridge ID	Hello Time	Max Age	Forward Delay			
RSTP	32768:00 0F C9 05 BB 57	2	20	15			

Root Status						
Root ID	Hello Time	Max Age	Forward Delay			
I'm the root bridge!	2	20	15			

Figure 8-1

- Bridge Priority: This parameter configures the spanning tree priority globally for this switch. The device with the highest priority becomes the STP root device. However, if all devices have the same priority, the device with the lowest MAC address will then become the root device. Number between 0 61440 in increments of 4096. Therefore, there are 16 distinct values.
- Hello Time: Interval (in seconds) at which the root device transmits a configuration message (BPDU frame). Number between 1-10 (default is 2).
- Max Age The maximum time (in seconds) a device can wait without receiving a configuration message before attempting to reconfigure. That also means the maximum life time for a BPDU frame. Number between 6-40 (default is 20).
- ➢ Forward Delay: The maximum time (in seconds) the root device will wait before changing states (i.e., discarding to learning to forwarding). Number between 4 − 30 (default is 15)



10.2 STP Port Settings

STP Port Settings

STP Port Settings						
	D : ::	RPC				
Port No.	Priority (0~240)	(1~200000000)				
	(0 110)	0=AUTO				
•						
(Submit)						
Priority should b	e a multipe of :	16				

	STP Port Status								
Port No.	RPC	Priority	State	Status	Designated Bridge	Designated Port			
1	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
2	Auto:0	0x80		Disable		-			
3	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
4	Auto:0	0x80		Disable		-			
5	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
6	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
7	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
8	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
9	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
10	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
11	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
12	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
13	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
14	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
15	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
16	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
17	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
18	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
19	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
20	Auto:200000	0x80	Designated Port	Forwarding	-	-			
21	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
22	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
23	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
24	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
25	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
26	Auto:0	0x80		Disable					
	5								

Figure 8-2

- Port No: The port ID. It cannot be changed. Aggregations mean any configured trunk group.
- Root Path Cost: This parameter is used by the STP to determine the best path between devices. Therefore, lower values should be assigned to ports attached to faster media, and higher values assigned to ports with slower media. Set the RSTP path cost on the port. Number between 0 -200000000. 0 means auto generated path cost.
- > State: Show the current port state includes designated port, root port or blocked port.
- > Status: Show the current port status includes forwarding, disable etc...



10.3 Loopback Detection Settings

Loopback Detection Settings

Loopback Detect Function	Disable 🗸
Auto Wake Up	Disable 👻
Wake-Up Time Interval	10 soc 💌
Sut	S soc 10 soc
	30 scc 60 scc

Reset All Ports

Port No.	Status
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	

Figure 8-3



11. Trunking

Port trunk allows multiple links to be bundled together and act as a single physical link for increased throughput. It provides load balancing, and redundancy of links in a switched inter-network. Actually, the link does not have an inherent total bandwidth equal to the sum of its component physical links. Traffic in a trunk is distributed across an individual link within the trunk in a deterministic method that called a hash algorithm. The hash algorithm automatically applies load balancing to the ports in the trunk. A port failure within the trunk group causes the network traffic to be directed to the remaining ports. Load balancing is maintained whenever a link in a trunk is lost or returned to service. This switch may use Port ID, Source MAC Address, Destination MAC Address, or a combination of Source MAC Address and Destination MAC Address to be the selection for Trunk Hash Algorithm. Traffic pattern on the network should be considered carefully before applying it. When a proper hash algorithm is used, traffic is kind of randomly decided to be transmitted across either link within the trunk and load balancing will be seen.

This managed switch supports two trunk group, each trunk consists of 2~4 ports. Trunk hash algorithm can be selected according to 4 different methods.

System Priority	1 (1~65535)			
Link Aggregation Algorithm	MAC Src&Dst 🗸			
Submit				

Refresh

Trunking

	Link Group 1				Link Group 2				Link Group 3	
	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5 P6 P7 P8		P25 P26			
Member		V	V	V	₹	V	V	₹	₹	
State	Disable 🔻			Disable 🔻				Disablo 🔻		
Туре	LACP 🔻			LACP 🔻		LACP 🔻				
Operation Key	1 (1~65535)			2 (1~65535)			5)	3 (1~65535)		
Time Out		Short Time	Out	•	Short Time Out 🔻		Short Time Out 💌			
Activity		Passiv	re 🔻			Passiv	• •		Passiv	ra 🔻
Submit										

Note: If you enable LACP on some specified ports and their link partners are normal port without LACP, these specified ports cannot trans

Figure 9-1





12. Backup / Recovery

This function provides the user with a method to backup/recovery the switch configuration. The user can save configuration file to a specified file. If the user wants to recover the original configuration, which is saved at the specified path, just enter the password and then press the "upload" button. Finally the original configuration of the switch will be recovered.

Configuration Backup/Recovery

Backup(Switch→PC)
Please check "Download" to download EEPROM contents.

Recovery(PC→Switch)		
Select the image file :		瀏覽
Password:	Update	

Figure 10-1



13. Miscellaneous

Miscellaneous setting is used to configure output queue aging time, VLAN stride and IGMP snooping.

Miscellaneous Setting

Output Queue Aging Time												
Aging time Diable \neg ms buffer, resulting in the poor utilization of the buffer and the poor switch performance.												
VLAN Striding												
VLAN Striding Deable When this function is enabled, the switch will forward a uni-cast packet to the destination port. No matter whether the destination port is in the same VLAN group.												
IGMP Snooping V1 & V2												
IGMP Snooping Disable 👻												
IGMP Leave Packet Daht Leave packet will be forwarded to IGMP router ports.												
VLAN Uplink Setting												
Port 01 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 02 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 03 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 04 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 05 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 06 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 07 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 08 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 09 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 10 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 11 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 12 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 13 © Uplink1 © Uplink2
Port 14 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 15 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 16 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 17 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 18 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 19 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 20 @ Uplink1 @ Uplink2	Port 21 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 22 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 23 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 24 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 25 © Uplink1 © Uplink2	Port 26 © Uplink1 © Uplink2
୍ଟ Clear Uplink1 ଜ୍ଞ Clear Uplink2												
						Update						

Figure 11-1

- Output queue aging: This function is used to avoid the poor utilization of the switch. When a packet is stored in a switch for a long time, it will expire from the allowable time defined by the protocol and become a useless packet. To prevent these packets from wasting the bandwidth, this switch provide an option for the administrator to enable the queue aging function.
- > VLAN Striding: By selecting this function, the switch will forward uni-cast packets to the destination port, no matter whether destination port is in the same VLAN.
- IGMP Snooping: When this function is enabled, the switch will execute IGMP snooping version 1 and version 2 without the intervention of CPU. The IGMP report and leave packets are automatically handled by the switch.





14. Logout

The administrator has write access for all parameters governing the onboard agent. User should therefore assign a new administrator password as soon as possible, and store it in a safe place.

When you forgot your IP or password, please use the reset button for the factory default setting?

Please take the following steps to reset the Web Smart Switch back to the original default:

Step 1:

Turn on the Web Smart Switch

Step 2:

Press and hold the reset button continuously for 5 seconds and release the reset button.

Step 3:

The switch will reboot for 20 seconds and the configuration of switch will back to the default setting.

User Login				
Site:	192.168.2.1			
ID:	admin			
Password:	•••••			
	OK			

Key in the user ID and the password to pass the authentication; the user ID and the password are "admin"

IP: 192.168.2.1 ID: admin Password: admin





15. Specification

Model Name	ES2426-31
Standards	Ethernet: IEEE 802.3 10BaseT, IEEE 802.3u 100BaseTX, IEEE
	802.ab 1000BaseT, IEEE 802.3z 1000BaseSX/LX
	IEEE 802.3x Flow Control
	IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation Control Protocol
	IEEE 802.1Q VLAN
	IEEE 802.1p Class of Service
	IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol
	IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol
	IEEE 802.3at Power Over Ethernet (PoE+)
Features	Number of Ports: 26
	10/100BaseTX with RJ-45 Connectors: 24 port with PoE+
	Gigabit Uplink: 2x 10/100/1000BaseT RJ-45 / Gigabit SFP
	Combo Port
	MAC Address: 4K
	Buffer Memory: 2.75Mb
	Switching Capacity: 8.8 Gbps
	Jumbo Frame: 10K
	Transmission Method: Store and Forward
Smart Features	Port Based VLAN: 26
	Tagged Based VLAN: 32, VID = 1~4094
	STP/RSTP
	IGMP Snooping V1&V2
	Link Aggregation: 3 groups
	Quality of Service(QoS): High & Low queues, 802.1p
	Security: Port & MAC binding, 3 MAC per port
	Port: Port State, Speed/Duplex, Flow Control
	Port Mirroring
	Bandwidth Control



	Broadcast Storm Control
	PoE Control: PoE Port Enable/Disable, PoE Status
	Management: Web Management, password protected access,
	Configuration backup/restore, TFTP firmware upgrade
Filtering/Forwarding Rates	1000Mbps port – 1,488,000pps,
	100Mbps port - 148,800pps, 10Mbps port - 14,880pps
Transmission Media	10/100BaseTX Cat. 5 UTP/STP
	1000BaseT Cat. 5 / Cat. 5E UTP/STP
LED Indicators	Per Port: Link/Act, PoE : Act / Status, Per Unit: Power
Power Input	100~240 V/AC, 50~60Hz
Power Output	53V DC Per Port Output
Power Consumption	400 Watt (Max.)
Dimensions	44 × 440 × 331 mm (H x W x D)
Operating Temperature	0 to 40°C
Storage Temperature	-20 to 90°C
Humidity	10 to 90% RH (non-condensing)
Certifications	FCC Class B, CE
Weight	4.7kg

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