NEANN VACUUM SPLINTS



INSTRUCTION MANUAL



MUST BE READ BEFORE USE



RAPP Australia Pty Ltd

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Vacuum splints may vary as RAPP Australia Pty Ltd undertakes a constant review program to update and improve the Vacuum Splints based on user feedback. This manual will update to the latest design. Changes in this Edition 2 include:

- Movement of the valve to improve access during use
- Lengthening of the leg splint to cater for a greater range of patients
- Attachment of the foot strap on the leg splint to resolve this strap getting lost at hospitals
- Newly designed carry bag for better storage and protection of the equipment
- Addition of the automated suction unit adaptor as a standard item in the kit

This manual is a basic guide to using the NEANN Vacuum Splints

If this manual conflicts with your Organisations protocols, you should follow those protocols in preference to the guidelines stated in this manual.



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INTRODUCTION

INTRODUCTION

The management of the trauma patient requires a range of skills including scene management, safe work practices, hazard control, patient assessment and treatment.

This booklet used in conjunction with a proper 'Prehospital Trauma Life Support' course is designed to introduce the Vacuum Splints in the patient's overall care.

TERMINOLOGY

Prehospital personnel including First-Aiders, EMTs, Ambulance Officers, Paramedics, Rescue Officers and other persons performing activities in the prehospital setting, will for standardisation, all be referred to as 'Officers' in this manual.

TRAINING

Officers should realise that there is no substitute for training and experience in trauma management. Each person must be thoroughly trained in all areas of prehospital trauma care.

The ideal situation is to have all members of the team qualified to manage all the steps presented in this manual. If unqualified members are present at a scene, they must perform under strict supervision of a qualified team member.

Frequent applications need to be undertaken to ensure that skill levels are maintained. Practice will lead to high levels of competence and safety.

RAPP Australia Pty Ltd recommends that initial training of Officers in the use of the Vacuum Splints is to include:

- 1. Reading this manual (freely downloadable from www.neann.com/vs.htm) is to be under taken with direct supervision from an appropriately trained supervisor.
- 2. Practical hands-on applications of all five procedures presented in this manual in a training environment under direct supervision from an appropriately trained supervisor before use on actual patients.

RAPP Australia Pty Ltd recommends that ongoing training of Officers is to include:

- 1. Three monthly practical review in the use of the Vacuum Splints in the five procedures presented in this manual.
- 2. Twelve monthly theoretical & practical review.

Persons using the Vacuum Splints without proper initial & ongoing training may place the patient and other Officers at risk of injury.

EQUIPMENT

Officers must be familiar with the Vacuum Splints, the way they operate, and their limitations. Every Officer should be competent to check and maintain the Vacuum Splints in the field.

USING THE MANUAL

This manual is best designed to be used in conjunction with a proper '*Prehospital Trauma Life Support*' course, and should not be used in isolation.

COURSE BOOKLET

This booklet is written for Officers who have previous first-aid knowledge with a minimum Level Two - Workplace First Aid Course.



FIELD USE

OF THE

VACUUM SPLINTS

The NEANN VACUUM SPLINTS provide a specialised device for the immobilisation of extremity injuries in any position without placing inward pressure on the injury, whilst still allowing access to the injured limb, performance of neurovascular observations below the level of injury, and the ability to apply ice to help reduce swelling and pain.

INDICATIONS FOR THE USE OF VACUUM SPLINTS

In keeping with the standard guidelines of immobilisation - 'immobilising the joint above and below the fracture and/or dislocation' - the Vacuum Splint is indicated for use in:

- 1. Knee dislocations
- 2. Patella fractures
- 3. Tibia and/or fibula fractures
- 4. Ankle and/or foot dislocations
- 5. Ankle and/or foot fractures
- 6. Humerus fractures (in conjunction with anatomical splinting)
- 7. Elbow dislocations
- 8. Elbow fractures
- 9. Ulna and/or radius fractures
- 10. Wrist or hand dislocations
- 11. Wrist or hand fractures

Femoral fractures require the use of traction splints, whilst NOF and spinal fractures benefit from the use of a Vacuum Mattress. Pelvic fractures require devices such as the SAM Pelvic Splint in conjunction with the Vacuum Mattress.

CONTRA-INDICATIONS

Nil in the above indications.

PRECAUTIONS

Vacuum Splints made of nylon or PVC give only limited durability against glass, metal and other sharp objects found in the prehospital environment. Whilst the Neann Vacuum Splint's are made of a heavy duty specialised Silik Elastomer™ material that provides greatly increased durability over nylon or PVC, if punctured, the Vacuum Splints will not maintain their immobilisation ability. Therefore, if possible either place a towel under the Vacuum Splint , or remove glass and other sharp objects from the area around the patient where the Vacuum Splint will be placed to extend the life of the splint and help reduce any potential damage.

APPLICATION

Before applying the Vacuum Splints, Officers should consider the following steps of patient assessment (as appropriate / qualified).

- 1. The **First Officer** undertakes a full assessment of the patient before application of the Vacuum Splints This includes:
 - Check safety, scene, and situation.
- 2. A **Second Officer** brings the patient's c-spine into neutral in-line position and performs manual head stabilisation (if patient meets the guidelines for spinal precautions).
- 3. The **First Officer** continues the assessment as per the Officers qualification:
 - Perform Primary Survey:
 - i. **R**esponse
 - ii. **A**irway
 - iii. Breathing
 - iv. Compressions
 - v. **D**efibrillation
 - vi. Major Bleeds
 - Perform Basic Care:
 - i. Rest.
 - ii. Reassure
 - iii. Oxygen
 - iv. Position
 - v. Pulse Oximeter
 - vi. ECG Monitor
 - vii. End Tidal CO2 Monitor
 - Perform Vital Signs Survey:
 - i. Conscious Status Assessment
 - ii. Perfusion Status Assessment
 - iii. Respiratory Status Assessment
 - Perform Secondary Survey:
 - i. Motor/Sensory x 4 (neurological exam)
 - ii. Head
 - iii. Spine
 - iv. Chest
 - v. Abdomen
 - vi. Pelvis
 - vii. Legs
 - viii. Arms

- Check AMPLE:
 - i. Allergies
 - ii **M**edications
 - iii. Past medical history
 - iv. Last oral intake
 - v. Events leading up to injury
- Apply Vacuum Splint:
 - i. Evaluate neurovascular function below fracture or dislocation
 - ii. Provide pain relief and muscle relaxant (as per your organisational protocols)
 - iii. Irrigate open fractures with sterile isotonic solution and cover with a sterile dressing
 - iv. Re-align limb if possible unless:
 - Excessive pain on moving.
 - Resistance on attempting to re-align.
 - Fracture or dislocation to a joint.
 - Loss of sensation, colour, warmth or pulse occurs on moving the limb
 - v. Apply Vacuum Splint
 - Reassess neurovascular function below the injury site following application of Vacuum Splint

VACUUM SPLINT COMPONENTS

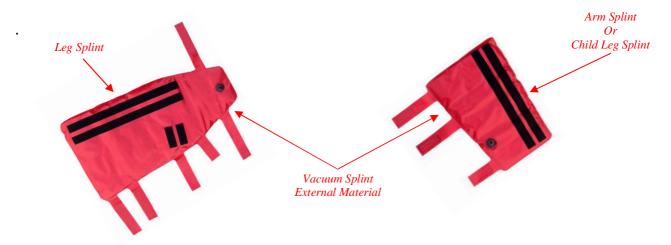
VACUUM SPLINTS

The NEANN Vacuum Splints are the first of the new generation Vacuum Splints, utilising the latest materials, technology and manufacturing processes to provide improved durability and immobilisation.

EXTERNAL MATERIALS

The external cover of the NEANN Vacuum Splints is made of a heavy duty, specialised and uniquely manufactured pure reinforced double coated Silik Elastomer[™]. This material provides a significant improvement over nylon or PVC, the standard material used by other Vacuum Splints. Improvements of Silik Elastomer[™] include:

- 10-15 times more expansive
- Significantly improved abrasion, puncture and tear resistance
- 100% airtight in comparison to the slow leaking nylon or PVC materials



INTERNAL BEADS

The internal beads are of a newly developed material, offering significant improvements over the standard Styrofoam used in other Vacuum Splints including:

- Higher density material preventing collapsing of beads
- Significantly improved X-ray translucency

Specialised beads

CHAMBER DESIGN

The new patented inner lining system provides a configuration of overlapping multi-chambers preventing the beads from moving around and clumping together in comparison to other Vacuum splints on the market. By being placed across the width of the splint rather than the length like all other splints, beads remain better placed, require little spreading before application, and provide vastly improved rigidity.

m splints on the market. By the of the splint rather than the beads remain better placed, ore application, and provide

Unique Multi Chamber Design

AIR VALVE

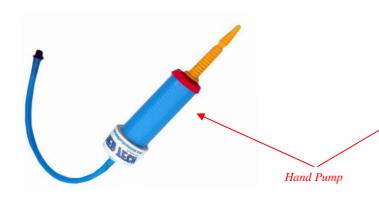
The Air Valve on the NEANN Vacuum Splints is the highest quality valve available. Turn clockwise to close, extract the air with a hand pump or automated Suction Unit and the splint will remain rigid for up to 24 hours. To allow air to re-enter the splint, turn anticlockwise.

Always leave the air valve open during storage to protect the Vacuum Splint from stressing the welded seams.



HAND POWERED VACUUM SPLINT PUMPS

The Vacuum Splint set is supplied with a lightweight and easy to operate hand powered suction pump.





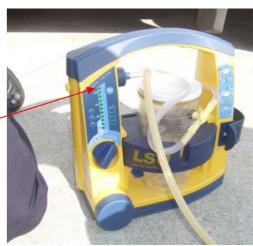
AUTOMATED SUCTION UNIT ADAPTER

An adapter is supplied with the Vacuum Splint Set to allow for an automatic powered suction unit such as an LSU or a hospital wall suction outlet to be attached to the Vacuum Splint in place of the hand pump to extract the air. This allows Officers to place all hands on the Vacuum Splint to hold the beads against the limb for better immobilisation.





Turn suction off when green light shows full vacuum is achieved (500)



CLOSURE OF SPLINT

NEANN Vacuum Splints use velcro for the of closure of the Vacuum Splints as it is the most versatile, causes least movement during application, can be adjusted and positioned in multiple places for when the limb is deformed or angulated, thus allowing greater limb support.

Velcro Closure





VACUUM SPLINT CARRY BAG

The Vacuum Splints comes with a simple carry bag that allows for storage in the current Mercedes Ambulance vehicle.



VACUUM SPLINT APPLICATIONS

LEG SPLINT APPLICATION (STRAIGHT LEG)

The following section is a detailed photographic guide to applying the Vacuum Splint - Leg to a re-aligned anatomical straight leg,

<u>Training Requirements:</u>

2 x Officers

1 x Patient

1 x Vacuum Splint - Leg

1 x Vacuum Splint Pump

or

1 x Automated Suction Unit with

1 x Suction Unit Adapter

Procedure



Assess patient

Step 1

Officer 1 assesses patient as per the section 'Field Use Of The Vacuum Splint' on page 8 of this manual.



Provide appropriate pain relief

Step 2

Officer 1 provides pain relief and a muscular relaxant as required, in-line with your Organisational protocols.

Irrigate any open fractures with sterile isotonic solution and cover wound with a sterile dressing before moving the limb.

Officer 2 re-aligns the limb into the normal anatomical position, unless unable or contra-indicated due to:

- Excessive pain on moving
- Resistance on attempting to re-align
- Fracture or dislocation to a joint
- Loss of sensation, colour, warmth or pulse occurs on moving the limb



Remove footwear and leg clothing

Officer 2 takes support of the limb and removes footwear and leg clothing to properly perform a neurovascular assessment below the level of injury, and to allow proper visual examination of the injury sight.



Assess neurovascular function

Step 4

Officer 2 assesses neurovascular function below the level of injury including:

- Pulse
- Warmth
- Colour
- Sensation
- Movement

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Place splint next to patient and ensure beads are evenly spread

Step 5

Officer 1 opens the Vacuum Splint Carry Bag and selects the correct splint for the limb injury.

Place splint next to patient with blue surface facing upwards and ensure beads are evenly spread throughout splint.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Centre splint under leg

Step 6

Officer 1 carefully slides Vacuum Splint under the injured leg and centrally aligns the splint with the limb. If possible, the splint should be positioned so that the patients foot is fully supported by the splint once applied.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Apply the velcro straps from the pelvis to the foot

Officer 1 begins to apply the velcro straps starting at the strap nearest the pelvis and progressively moving down towards the foot.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Apply figure of eight to support foot

Step 8

Officer 1 finishes applying the velcro strapping by applying the figure of eight foot straps to prevent foot movement.

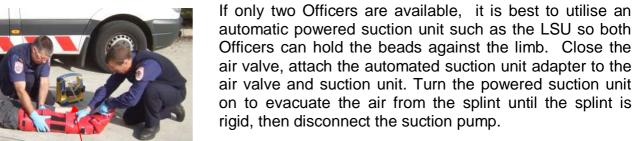


Evacuate air with hand pump

Step 9

If three Officers are available, Officer 1 closes the air valve, attaches the hand powered suction pump to the air valve, and evacuates the air by pumping the hand powered suction pump until it is difficult to withdraw the handle, then disconnects the hand pump.

Whilst Officer 1 evacuates the air, Officers 2 and 3 hold the beads firmly against the patient's limb to ensure that as the air is evacuated, the beads stay firmly against the patient's limb.







Evacuate air with battery powered suction unit



Retighten the straps until the splint is comfortable and supportive

Once the air is fully evacuated from the splint, the splint may loosen reducing immobilisation.

Officer 1 re-secures the velcro straps to ensure the splint is comfortable and supportive on the limb.



Recheck neurovascular observations post splint application

Step 11

Finally, recheck the neurovascular observations of the distal limb reviewing:

- Pulse
- Warmth
- Colour
- Sensation
- Movement

to ensure the splint has not compromised the limb.

Consider applying an ice pack the injury sight and raising the limb to further reduce swelling and pain.



LEG SPLINT APPLICATION (BENT KNEE)

The following section is a detailed photographic guide to applying the Vacuum Splint - Leg to a dislocated knee.

<u>Training Requirements:</u> 2 x Officers

1 x Patient

1 x Vacuum Splint - Leg 1 x Vacuum Splint Pump

or

1 x Automated Suction Unit with

1 x Suction Unit Adapter

Procedure



Assess patient

Step 1

Officer 1 assesses patient as per the section 'Field Use Of The Vacuum Splint' on page 8 of this manual.



Provide appropriate pain relief whilst the limb is supported

Step 2

Officer 1 provides pain relief and a muscular relaxant as required, in-line with your Organisational protocols.

Irrigate any open wounds with sterile isotonic solution and cover wound with a sterile dressing before moving the limb.

As it cannot be re-aligned, **Officer 2** supports the limb in it's current angulated position.



Remove footwear and leg clothing

Officer 2 takes support of the limb and removes footwear and leg clothing to properly perform a neurovascular assessment below the level of injury, and to allow proper visual examination of the injury.



Assess neurovascular function

Step 4

Officer 2 assesses neurovascular function below the level of injury including:

- Pulse
- Warmth
- Colour
- Sensation
- Movement

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Place splint next to patient and ensure beads are evenly spread

Step 5

Officer 1 opens the Vacuum Splint Carry Bag and selects the correct splint for the knee injury.

Place the splint next to patient with blue surface facing upwards and ensure beads are evenly spread throughout splint.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Centre splint under leg

Step 6

Officer 1 carefully slides Vacuum Splint under the injured knee and centrally aligns the splint with the limb. If possible, the splint should be positioned so that the patient's foot is fully supported by the splint once applied.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Apply the velcro straps from the pelvis to the foot

Officer 1 begins to apply velcro straps starting at the strap nearest the pelvis and progressively moving down towards the foot.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Apply figure of eight to support foot

Step 8

Officer 1 finishes applying the velcro strapping by applying the figure of eight foot straps to prevent foot movement.



Evacuate air with battery powered suction unit

Step 9

If three Officers are available, **Officer 1** closes the air valve, attaches the hand powered suction pump to the air valve, and evacuates the air by pumping the hand powered suction pump until it is difficult to withdraw the handle, then disconnects the pump.

Whilst Officer 1 evacuates the air, Officers 2 and 3 hold the beads firmly against the patient's limb to ensure that as the air is evacuated, the beads stay firmly against the patient's limb.

If only two Officers are available, it is best to utilise an automatic powered suction unit such as the LSU (as shown) so both Officers can hold the beads against the limb. Close the air valve, attach the automated suction unit adapter to the air valve and suction unit. Turn the suction unit on to evacuate the air from the splint until the splint is rigid, then disconnect the suction pump.

Failure to hold the beads against the limb will result in inadequate support and immobilisation of the splint.



Retighten velcro straps until the splint is comfortable and supportive

Once the air is fully evacuated from the splint, the splint may loosen reducing immobilisation.

Officer 1 re-secures the velcro straps to ensure the splint is comfortable and supportive on the limb.



Recheck neurovascular observations post splint application

Step 11

Finally, recheck the neurovascular observation of the distal limb reviewing:

- Pulse
- Warmth
- Colour
- Sensation
- Movement

to ensure the splint has not compromised the limb.

Consider applying an ice pack to the injury to help reduce swelling and pain.



LEG SPLINT APPLICATION (ANGULATED LEG)

The following section is a detailed photographic guide to applying the Vacuum Splint - Leg to a lower leg injury that is unable to be re-aligned into the normal anatomical position.

<u>Training Requirements:</u>

2 x Officers

1 x Patient

1 x Vacuum Splint - Leg

1 x Vacuum Splint Pump

or

1 x Automated Suction Unit with

1 x Suction Unit Adapter

Procedure



Assess patient

Step 1

Officer 1 assesses patient as per the section *'Field Use Of The Vacuum Splint'* on page 8 of this manual.



Provide appropriate pain relief & attempt to re-align limb

If contra-indicated or unable,

splint as found

Step 2

Officer 1 provides pain relief and a muscular relaxant as required, in-line with your Organisational protocols.

Irrigate any open fractures with sterile isotonic solution and cover wound with a sterile dressing before moving the limb.

Officer 2 attempts to re-align the limb into the normal anatomical position, but is contra-indicated or unable to due to one of the following reasons:

- Excessive pain on moving
- Resistance on attempting to re-align
- Fracture or dislocation to a joint
- Loss of sensation, colour, warmth or pulse occurs on moving the limb



Remove footwear and leg clothing

Officer 2 takes support of the limb and removes footwear and leg clothing to properly perform a neurovascular assessment below the level of injury, and to allow proper visual examination of the injury sight.



Assess neurovascular function

Step 4

Officer 2 assesses neurovascular function below the level of injury including:

- Pulse
- Warmth
- Colour
- Sensation
- Movement

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Place splint next to patient and ensure beads are evenly spread

Step 5

Officer 1 opens the Vacuum Splint Carry Bag and selects the correct splint for the limb injury.

Place the splint next to patient with blue surface facing upwards and ensure beads are evenly spread throughout splint.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Centre splint under upper leg

Step 6

Officer 1 carefully slides Vacuum Splint under the limb and initially centrally aligns the splint with the upper limb. If possible, the splint should be positioned so that the patients foot will be fully supported by the splint once applied.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Apply the velcro straps from the pelvis to foot

Officer 1 begins to apply velcro straps starting at the strap nearest the pelvis and progressively moving down towards the foot.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Bend splint around the knee and centralise under the lower leg

Step 8

Officer 1 bends the splint around the knee to centralise the splint under the lower limb and continues applying velcro straps to the lower limb finishing with a figure of eight around the foot.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Evacuate air with battery powered suction unit

Step 9

If three Officers are available, **Officer 1** closes the air valve, attaches the hand powered suction pump to the air valve, and evacuates the air by pumping the hand powered suction pump until it is difficult to withdraw the handle, then disconnects the hand pump.

Whilst Officer 1 evacuates the air, Officers 2 and 3 hold the beads firmly against the patient's limb to ensure that as the air is evacuated, the beads stay firmly against the patient's limb.

If only two Officers are available, it is best to utilise an automatic powered suction unit such as the LSU so both Officers can hold the beads against the limb. Close the air valve, attach the automated suction unit adapter to the air valve and suction unit. Turn the suction unit on to evacuate the air from the splint until the splint is rigid, then disconnect the suction pump.

Failure to hold the beads against the limb will result in inadequate support and immobilisation of the splint.



Retighten velcro straps until the splint is comfortable and supportive

Once the air is fully evacuated from the splint, the splint may loosen reducing immobilisation.

Officer 1 re-secures the velcro straps to ensure the splint is comfortable and supportive on the limb.



Recheck neurovascular observations post splint application

Step 11

Finally, recheck the neurovascular observation of the distal limb reviewing:

- Pulse
- Warmth
- Colour
- Sensation
- Movement

to ensure the splint has not compromised the limb.

Consider applying an ice pack to the injury sight and raising the limb to further reduce swelling and pain.



ARM SPLINT APPLICATION (STRAIGHT ARM)

The following section is a detailed photographic guide to applying the Vacuum Splint - Arm to a re-aligned anatomical straight arm.

<u>Training Requirements:</u> 2 x Officers

1 x Patient

1 x Vacuum Splint - Arm 1 x Vacuum Splint Pump

or

1 x Automated Suction Unit with

1 x Suction Unit Adapter

Procedure



Assess patient

Step 1

Officer 1 assesses patient as per the section 'Field Use Of The Vacuum Splint' on page 8 of this manual.



Provide appropriate pain relief

Step 2

Officer 1 provides pain relief and a muscular relaxant as required, in-line with your Organisational protocols.

Irrigate any open fractures with sterile isotonic solution and cover wound with a sterile dressing before moving the limb.

Officer 2 re-aligns the limb into the normal anatomical position, unless unable or contra-indicated due to:

- Excessive pain on moving
- Resistance on attempting to re-align
- Fracture or dislocation to a joint
- Loss of sensation, colour, warmth or pulse occurs on moving the limb



Assess neurovascular function

Officer 2 takes support of the limb and removes any clothing on the arm to properly perform a neurovascular assessment below the level of injury, and to allow proper visual examination of the injured limb.

Officer 2 assesses neurovascular function below the level of injury including:

- Pulse
- Warmth
- Colour
- Sensation
- Movement



Place splint next to patient and ensure beads are evenly spread

Step 4

Officer 2 opens the Vacuum Splint Carry Bag and selects the correct splint for the limb injury.

Place splint next to patient with blue surface facing upwards and ensure beads are evenly spread throughout splint.



Centre splint under arm

Step 5

Officer 1 carefully slides Vacuum splint under the injured arm and centrally aligns the splint with the upper arm. If possible, the splint should be positioned so that the patient's hand will be fully supported by the splint following application.

Officer 2 maintains support of the limb.



Apply the velcro straps from the shoulder to hand

Step 6

Officer 1 begins to apply velcro straps starting at the strap nearest the shoulder and progressively moving down towards the hand.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Apply middle velcro strap

Officer 1 applies the middle velcro strap.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Apply velcro strap over hand

Step 8

Officer 1 finishes applying the velcro strapping by applying the velcro strap over the hand.

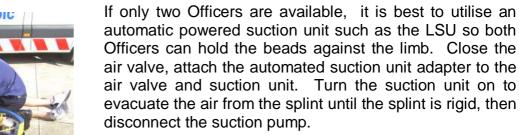


Connect the LSU Suction Pump

Step 9

If three Officers are available, **Officer 1** closes the air valve, attaches the hand powered suction pump to the air valve, and evacuate the air by pumping the hand powered suction pump until it is difficult to withdraw the handle, then disconnects the pump.

Whilst Officer 1 evacuates the air, Officers 2 and 3 hold the beads firmly against the patient's limb to ensure that as the air is evacuated, the beads stay firmly against the patient's limb.







Evacuate air with battery powered suction unit



Retighten velcro straps until the splint is comfortable and supportive

Once the air is fully evacuated from the splint, the splint may loosen reducing immobilisation.

Officer 1 re-secures the velcro straps to ensure the splint is comfortable and supportive on the limb.



Recheck neurovascular observations post splint application

Step 11

Finally, recheck the neurovascular observation of the distal limb reviewing:

- Pulse
- Warmth
- Colour
- Sensation
- Movement

to ensure the splint has not compromised the limb.

Consider applying an ice pack to the injured sight and raising the limb to further reduce swelling and pain.



ARM SPLINT APPLICATION (ANGULATED ARM)

The following section is a detailed photographic guide to applying the Vacuum Splint - Arm to a dislocated elbow or lower arm injury.

Training Requirements:

2 x Officers

1 x Patient

1 x Vacuum Splint - Arm

1 x Vacuum Splint Pump

or

1 x Automated Suction Unit with

1 x Suction Unit Adapter

Procedure



Assess patient and provide pain relief

Step 1

Officer 1 assesses patient as per the section 'Field Use Of The Vacuum Splint' on page 8 of this manual.

Officer 1 provides pain relief and a muscular relaxant as required, in-line with your Organisational protocols.

Irrigate open fractures with sterile isotonic solution and cover wound with a sterile dressing before moving the limb.



Assess neurovascular function below the injury

Step 2

Officer 1 removes any clothing on the arm to properly perform a neurovascular assessment below the level of injury, and to allow proper visual examination of the injury sight.

Officer 1 assesses neurovascular function below the level of injury including:

- Pulse
- Warmth
- Colour
- Sensation
- Movement



Place splint next to patient and ensure beads are evenly spread

Officer 2 takes support of the limb.

Officer 1 opens the Vacuum Splint Carry Bag and selects the correct splint for the limb injury.

Place splint next to patient with blue surface facing upwards and ensure beads are evenly spread throughout splint.



Centre splint under upper arm

Step 4

Officer 1 carefully slides Vacuum splint under the upper arm and centrally aligns the splint with the limb. If possible, the splint should be positioned so that the patients hand is fully supported by the splint following application.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Apply the velcro straps from the shoulders to hand

Step 5

Officer 1 begins to apply velcro straps starting at the strap nearest the shoulder and progressively moving down towards the hand.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Bend splint around the elbow and centralise under the lower limb

Step 6

Officer 1 bends the splint around the elbow and centralises the splint under the lower arm.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb



Continue to apply velcro straps to the lower arm

Officer 1 continues applying the velcro strapping to the lower arm.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Apply final velcro ensuring hand is within the splint

Step 8

Officer 1 finishes applying the velcro strapping to the lower arm ensuring the hand is secured in the splint.

Officer 2 continues to maintain support of the limb.



Connect the battery powered suction unit

Step 9

If three Officers are available, **Officer 1** closes the air valve, attaches the hand powered suction pump to the air valve, and evacuate the air by pumping the hand powered suction pump until it is difficult to withdraw the handle, then disconnects the pump.

Whilst Officer 1 evacuates the air, Officers 2 and 3 hold the beads firmly against the patient's limb to ensure that as the air is evacuated, the beads stay firmly against the patient's limb.

If only two Officers are available, it is best to utilise an automatic powered suction unit such as the LSU, so both Officers can hold the beads against the limb. Close the air valve, attach the automated suction unit adapter to the air valve and suction unit. Turn the suction unit on to evacuate the air from the splint until the splint is rigid, then disconnect the suction pump.

Failure to hold the beads against the limb will result in inadequate support and immobilisation of the splint.



Evacuate air with battery powered suction unit



Retighten velcro straps until the splint is comfortable and supportive

Step 10

Once the air is fully evacuated from the splint, the splint may loosen reducing immobilisation.

Officer 1 re-secures the velcro straps to ensure the splint is comfortable and supportive on the limb.



Recheck neurovascular observations post splint application

Step 11

Finally, recheck the neurovascular observation of the distal limb reviewing:

- Pulse
- Warmth
- Colour
- Sensation
- Movement

to ensure the splint has not compromised the limb.

Consider applying an ice pack to the injury sight and raising the limb to further reduce swelling and pain.



STORAGE

OF THE

VACUUM SPLINT

VACUUM SPLINT SET AND STORAGE

The Vacuum Splint Set consists of all the items required to use the Vacuum Splints:

Vacuum Splint Set

The Vacuum Split set contains the following items:

- * Vacuum Splint Carry Bag
- * Vacuum Splint Arm
- * Vacuum Splint Hand Powered Suction Pump
- * Vacuum Splint Automatic Suction Unit Adapter





CLEANING

OF THE

VACUUM SPLINTS

CLEANING THE VACUUM SPLINTS

All fabrics used in the Vacuum Splints are designed to comply with the **Australian Standards on Laundry Practice (AS 4146-1994)** for the removal and killing of HIV, Hepatitis B and Vegetative Organisms.

A cleaning program that complies with the Australian Standards is available directly from RAPP Australia Pty Ltd for cleaning blood, vomit and other substances off the Vacuum Splints. For those wishing to undertake in-house cleaning (at you own risk, including risk to warranty), some basic guidelines are listed below:

- The cleaner in keeping with normal practices should put on personal protection barrier equipment such as gloves, safety glasses, face masks, etc.
- Ensure Air Valve is closed to prevent any water entering the splints internal compartment.

Small areas of contamination:

<u>Blood</u> - Soak by placing a wet sponge on stain immediately after contact. If available, an antibacterial solution (VirkonTM or similar) should be added to the water. Repeat as necessary, then gently clean off residual stains with light spray of NiftyTM. Allow to dry thoroughly before re-use.

<u>Vomit</u> - Gently sponge with hot water immediately after contact. If available, an antibacterial solution (VirkonTM or similar) should be added to the water. Repeat as necessary, then gently clean off residual stains with light spray of NiftyTM. Allow to dry thoroughly before re-use.

Larger areas of contamination:

<u>Blood</u> - Soak by placing effected panels in cold water. An antibacterial solution (VirkonTM or similar) should be added to the water. Let effected part soak for 20 minutes. Using NiftyTM, gently sponge of residual stains. Allow to dry thoroughly before re-use.

<u>Vomit</u> - Soak by placing in hot water. An antibacterial solution (VirkonTM or similar) should be added to the water. Using NiftyTM, gently sponge of residual stains. Allow to dry thoroughly before re-use.

In very heavy saturation, soak the Splint in cold water with an antibacterial solution (VirkonTM or similar) for 2 hours, rinse and then emerse again and bring up to a temperature of 90 degrees Celsius and maintain for 10 minutes. Using NiftyTM, gently sponge of residual stains. Dry thoroughly before re-use.

Ensure Air Valve is always closed before cleaning to prevent water entering the internal compartment of the Vacuum Splint.

VACUUM SPLINT SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS

DIMENSIONS

Dimension of the Vacuum Splint Full Set In Carry Bag:

Length 34 cm Width 16 cm Height 49 cm Weight 0.8 kg



Dimension of the Vacuum Splint - Arm:

Length 69 cm
Width 48 cm
Thickness 2 cm
Weight 0.65 kg



Dimension of the Vacuum Splint - Leg:

Length 108 cm
Width 59 cm
Thickness 2 cm
Weight 1.1 kg



Fully Stocked Kit 2.8 kg

PARTS SUPPLIED

Part Vacuum Splint Full Set
Part Vacuum Splint - Led
Part Vacuum Splint - Arm

Part Vacuum Splint Hand Powered Pump Part Automated Suction Unit Adapter

Part Valve Replacement

Part Training Manual (download for free at www.neann.com/vs.htm)

Spare parts are available on request by contacting RAPP Australia Pty Ltd

WARRANTY

RAPP Australia Pty Ltd warrants to the purchaser that the Vacuum Splints is free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of 3 years from the date of purchase by the original user. During this period, RAPP Australia Pty Ltd will upon receipt of the product found to be defective due to materials or workmanship from the purchaser and notification in writing of the defect at its option repair or replace any parts found to be defective or the entire product. All postage, shipping and handling charges shall be the sole responsibility of the purchaser.

VACUUM SPLINT ORDER FORM

VACUUM SPLINT ORDER FORM

Name	Tit	le	
Organisa	tion		
Address			
Phone N	umber Fax .		
Quantity	ltem	Part Number	Cost
	Vacuum Splint Full Set		
	Vacuum Splint - Leg		
	Vacuum Splint - Arm		
	Vacuum Splint Carry Bag		
	Vacuum Splint Hand Pump		
	Automatic Suction Unit Adapter		
	TOTAL		
Quote Oi	nly (Valid 30 Days Only)	For Purchase	e 🗌

Fax this form to the RAPP Australia Pty Ltd on (03) 5282 4892

TRAINING EVALUATION

FORM

VACUUM SPLINT TRAINING EVALUATION FORM

Organisation:					
Officer's Name Undertaking Training:					
INITIAL TRAINING	Date Completed	Supervisor			
PowerPoint Presentation Reviewed					
Instruction Manual Reviewed					
5 x Splint Training Applications					
THREE MONTHLY REVIEW	Date Completed	Supervisor			
2 x Splint Training Applications					
TWELVE MONTHLY REVIEW	Date Completed	Supervisor			
PowerPoint Presentation Reviewed					
Instruction Manual reviewed					
5 x Splint Training Applications					

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For further information, please contact

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For the latest information on the Vacuum Splints and additiona training manuals, please go to:

www.neann.com/vs.htm