

RS Dust Remover #168-1642, 168-1644 (AUS)

RS Components

Chemwatch: **5351-63** Version No: **2.1.1.1**

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code:

Issue Date: **26/04/2019** Print Date: **28/04/2019** L.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	RS Dust Remover #168-1642, 168-1644 (AUS)
Synonyms	Not Available
Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Application is by spray atomisation from a hand held aerosol pack
Neievant identified uses	Cleaning agent.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	RS Components
Address	25 Pavesi Street Smithfield NSW 2164 Australia
Telephone	+1 300 656 636
Fax	+1 300 656 696
Website	Not Available
Email	Not Available

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+61 1800 951 288
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+61 2 9186 1132

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

	Min	Max	i
Flammability	0		i I
Toxicity	1		0 = Minimum
Body Contact	1		1 = Low 2 = Moderate
Reactivity	1		3 = High
Chronic	0		4 = Extreme

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
Classification [1]	Gas under Pressure (Compressed gas)
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



SIGNAL WORD

WARNING

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Hazard statement(s)

H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
AUH044	Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.
AUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
Not Available	100	ingredients, proprietary

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If aerosols come in contact with the eyes: Immediately hold the eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously for at least 15 minutes with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If solids or aerosol mists are deposited upon the skin: Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Remove any adhering solids with industrial skin cleansing cream. DO NOT use solvents. Seek medical attention in the event of irritation.
Inhalation	If aerosols, fumes or combustion products are inhaled: Remove to fresh air. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. If breathing is shallow or has stopped, ensure clear airway and apply resuscitation, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Transport to hospital, or doctor.
Ingestion	► Not considered a normal route of entry.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

SMALL FIRE:

► Water spray, dry chemical or CO2

LARGE FIRE:

Water spray or fog.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	► Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result	
Advice for firefighters		
Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. May be violently or explosively reactive. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. 	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Non combustible. Not considered to be a significant fire risk. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. Aerosol cans may explode on exposure to naked flames. Contains low boiling substance: Closed containers may rupture due to pressure buildup under fire conditions. 	
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable	

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SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing, impervious gloves and safety glasses. Shut off all possible sources of ignition and increase ventilation.
Major Spills	 Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. May be violently or explosively reactive. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Other information ▶ Keep dry to avoid corrosion of cans. Corrosion may result in container perforation and internal pressure may eject contents of can

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Aerosol dispenser. Check that containers are clearly labelled.
Storage incompatibility	Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
RS Dust Remover #168-1642, 168-1644 (AUS)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
RS Dust Remover #168-1642, 168-1644 (AUS)	Not Available		Not Available	

MATERIAL DATA

Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	No special equipment for minor exposure i.e. when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: For potentially moderate or heavy exposures: Safety glasses with side shields. NOTE: Contact lenses pose a special hazard; soft lenses may absorb irritants and ALL lenses concentrate them.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: For potentially moderate exposures:

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▶ Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves. ► For potentially heavy exposures: ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, eg. PVC. and safety footwear. **Body protection** See Other protection below No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: Other protection Overalls. Skin cleansing cream. ► Eyewash unit.

Respiratory protection

Aerosols, in common with most vapours/ mists, should never be used in confined spaces without adequate ventilation. Aerosols, containing agents designed to enhance or mask smell, have triggered allergic reactions in predisposed individuals

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Colourless liquid with characteristic odour.		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Applicable
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	-19	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	Not Applicable	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Not Available	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Elevated temperatures. Presence of open flame. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhalation of aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may be damaging to the health of the individual. Limited evidence or practical experience suggests that the material may produce irritation of the respiratory system, in a significant number of individuals, following inhalation. In contrast to most organs, the lung is able to respond to a chemical insult by first removing or neutralising the irritant and then repairing the damage. The repair process, which initially evolved to protect mammalian lungs from foreign matter and antigens, may however, produce further lung damage resulting in the impairment of gas exchange, the primary function of the lungs. Respiratory tract irritation often results in an $inflammatory\ response\ involving\ the\ recruitment\ and\ activation\ of\ many\ cell\ types,\ mainly\ derived\ from\ the\ vascular\ system.$

Inhaled

Material is highly volatile and may quickly form a concentrated atmosphere in confined or unventilated areas. The vapour may displace and replace air in breathing zone, acting as a simple asphyxiant. This may happen with little warning of overexposure.

The use of a quantity of material in an unventilated or confined space may result in increased exposure and an irritating atmosphere developing. Before starting consider control of exposure by mechanical ventilation.

WARNING: Intentional misuse by concentrating/inhaling contents may be lethal.

Spray mist may produce discomfort

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Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product. Ingestion Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments Repeated exposure may cause skin cracking, flaking or drying following normal handling and use. Spray mist may produce discomfort Skin Contact Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected. Limited evidence exists, or practical experience suggests, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or is expected to produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals. Repeated or prolonged eye contact may cause inflammation characterised by temporary redness (similar to windburn) of the conjunctiva (conjunctivitis); temporary Eye impairment of vision and/or other transient eye damage/ulceration may occur. Direct contact with the eye may not cause irritation because of the extreme volatility of the gas; however concentrated atmospheres may produce irritation after brief exposures. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying with cracking, irritation and possible dermatitis following. Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term occupational exposure may produce cumulative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems. Chronic Principal route of occupational exposure to the gas is by inhalation. WARNING: Aerosol containers may present pressure related hazards TOXICITY IRRITATION RS Dust Remover #168-1642. 168-1644 (AUS) Not Available Not Available Legend: 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances Carcinogenicity Acute Toxicity Skin Irritation/Corrosion Reproductivity × × × STOT - Single Exposure Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin × STOT - Repeated Exposure ×

> 🗶 – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification Legend: — Data available to make classification

Aspiration Hazard

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mutagenicity

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Toxicity

DC Doort Dawn over #400 4040	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE SOURCE
RS Dust Remover #168-1642, 168-1644 (AUS)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Not Available Available
Legend:	(QSAR) - Aquat		otox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECET	ation - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 OC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients	

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Discharge contents of damaged aerosol cans at an approved site Product / Packaging disposal

- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- Allow small quantities to evaporate.
- ▶ DO NOT incinerate or puncture aerosol cans

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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Labels Required

	2
Marine Pollutant	NO Not Applicable
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG)

UN number	1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 2.2 Subrisk Not Applicable
Packing group	Not Applicable
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 63 190 277 327 344 381

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	1950			
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, non-flammable			
	ICAO/IATA Class	2.2		
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO / IATA Subrisk	Not Applicable		
	ERG Code	2L		
Packing group	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
	Special provisions		A98 A145 A167 A802	
Special precautions for user	Cargo Only Packing Instructions		203	
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack		150 kg	
	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions		203	
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack		75 kg	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions		Y203	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack			

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	1950			
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS			
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 2.2 IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable			
Packing group	Not Applicable			
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
Special precautions for user	EMS Number F-D, S-U Special provisions 63 190 277 327 344 381 959 Limited Quantities 1000ml			

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National Inventory Status

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Australia - AICS	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Canada - DSL	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Canada - NDSL	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
China - IECSC	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Japan - ENCS	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Korea - KECI	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
New Zealand - NZIoC	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Philippines - PICCS	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
USA - TSCA	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Taiwan - TCSI	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Mexico - INSQ	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Vietnam - NCI	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Russia - ARIPS	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Thailand - TECI	No (ingredients, proprietary) Non-disclosed ingredients			
Legend:	Yes = All declared ingredients are on the inventory No = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)			

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	26/04/2019
Initial Date	26/04/2019

SDS Version Summary

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
2.1.1.1	26/04/2019	Acute Health (inhaled), Appearance, Exposure Standard, Fire Fighter (fire fighting), Personal Protection (eye), Physical Properties, Spills (major)

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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